

NC TSCA PFAS Petition Project

presented by Kathryn Alcantar

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What DO we know about PFAS "Forever Chemicals"?

- Persistent
- Bioaccumulate
- Highly mobile
- Ubiquitous in environment, people & wildlife
- Used heavily in products, broad exposure
- Linked to Serious Health Effects

Cancer

Hormone disruption

Liver and kidney damage

& reproductive harm

Immunotoxicity

What DON'T we know about PFAS "Forever Chemicals"?

How many PFAS in use?

What are the health effects?

What does this mean for my family?

- EPA estimates 6-9K, scientists say ~1200
- Shift from long to short chains showing up in products, environment & people

 Little data on health & environmental effects of nearly all PFAS

 Huge limitation in understanding how vulnerable communities are impacted

TSCA Reform- How Can It Help?

• Section 4

- ✓ authorizes EPA to issue test rules and orders to chemical manufacturers IF
- ✓ a substance "may present an unreasonable risk"
- ✓ Data are "insufficient" to determine effects on health & the environment
- ✓ Can require diverse set of studies i.e., human epidemiology and animal tests

• Section 21

- ✓ authorizes citizens to petition EPA for test rules and orders
- ✓ Citizens can challenge petition denials in district court
- ✓ Court can order EPA to grant the remedies
- ✓ Special protections for vulnerable groups with greater exposure or susceptibility



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Assessing and Managing Chemicals under TSCA

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How EPA Evaluates the Safety of Existing Chemicals

Prioritizing Existing

The Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act



Trac Progres Chemic

Why We Fight



2016: TSCA Reform passes

Polluter Pays

2. People Power

3. Protect the Vulnerable

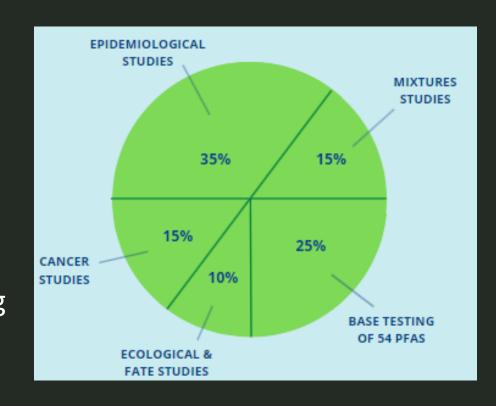
2017: Info on GenX & PFAS discovered in NC drinking water finally made public

Winter 2020: CEH, local community organizations, Participant Media & Mark Ruffalo host 2-day "Why We Fight" tour



Summary of TSCA PFAS Testing Petition

- Targets 54 PFAS produced at Chemours & present in waste streams, air, surface water, drinking water and/or human blood
- Proposes comprehensive testing program developed by scientific experts
- Seeks issuance rules or orders requiring Chemours to fund testing → Polluter Pays
- Requests independent science panel to oversee testing
- Supported by 67 leading scientists & 120 NGOs















Spring 2020:

Why We Fight Tour

Jan 2021:

Trump EPA denies petition

Sept 2021:

Biden EPA officially agrees to reconsider petition & respond by Dec 28, 2021

Nov 2021:

Co-Petitioners share concerns support of ~120 orgs across Jan 2022:

Copetitioners file amended complaint

October 2020:

CEH & NC Communities Submit Petition, supported by 67 NGOs and 67 scientists across the

March 2021:

Co-Petitioners request reconsideration & file lawsuit

Oct 2021:

EPA announces PFAS Roadmap & **Testing Plan**

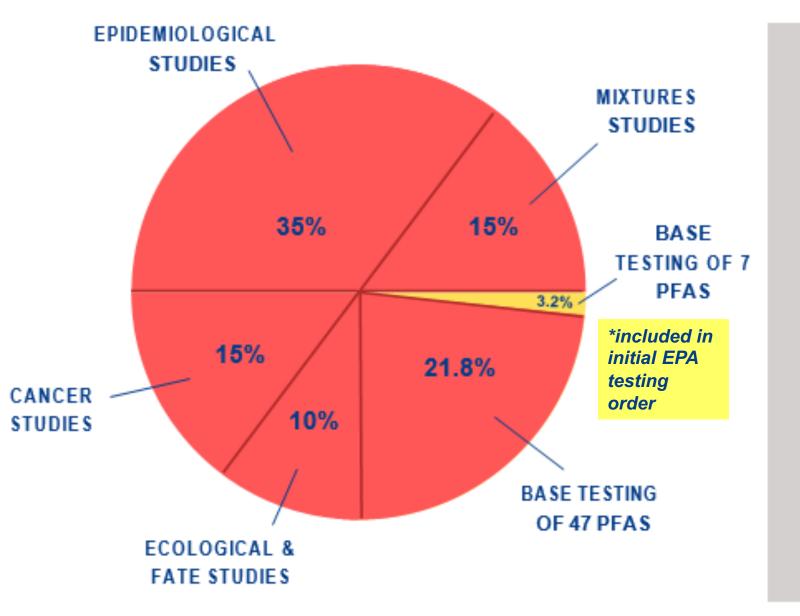
Dec 2021:

June 2022:



Why EPA's Decision was Really a Denial



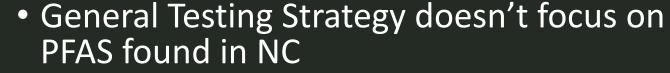


SUMMARY OF EPA DECISION

- Failed to require testing on 47 of the 54 PFAS
- Restricted testing for 7 PFAS on a "tiered" approach that could result in no animal studies for the critical end-points highlighted in the petition
- Did not address the petition's request for rodent carcinogenicity studies on the 14 Tier 1 PFAS with substantial exposure from drinking water and/or presence in human blood
- Did not require testing for GenX compounds
- Refused to require a comprehensive epidemiological study of North Carolina residents exposed to the PFAS pollution created by the Chemours facility
- Rejected requiring biomonitoring of Chemours employees
- Declined to require testing on PFAS mixtures found in the drinking water and/or blood of Cape Fear residents
- Refused to require Chemours to develop and submit analytical standards and methods on the 54 PFAS
- Failed to address the petition's requests for ecotoxicity and fate and transport studies on the 54 PFAS.

Why is EPA's Response Insufficient?

Rely on General Testing Strategy





- Includes just 7 of the 54 Petition PFAS
- Presumes impacts of 54 PFAS can be "extrapolated" from data on other substances





- EPA rejects epi studies in NC, relying on data from "multiple epi studies" in other regions
- Irrelevant to Cape Fear communities
- Testing mixtures capture real life scenarios & interactions





 Exposures don't happen 1 at a time so effects can't be determined by testing individual **PFAS** separately

Why TSCA Petition is so Important

- Polluter should pay, not the public
- Huge data gaps → Public research not enough
- Promotes good stewardship models
- Democracy at risk
- Statistical power of epi studies is what builds the causal link

Chemours profited for 40 years, while communities paid the price

- Health
- Loved Ones
- Homes
- Way of Life
- Life Savings
- Livelihoods



"My friends and neighbors are going into medical debt while battling rare or recurring cancers, some spending months in the hospital... We deserve access to every health study our petition requested and the EPA has the legal authority to require Chemours pay for them."

Emily Donovan, Clean Cape Fear

"For decades, our communities have suffered silently from PFAS contaminated water. All the while, polluting corporations have continued to profit from our pain. [We] have provided EPA with the tools to clearly and swiftly act to save our communities. We are deeply disappointed that the Biden EPA chose not to use these tools in its response to our petition." La'Meshia Whittington, NC Black Alliance



Key Take Aways

- Communities have the right to know
- EPA has a duty to provide the information & hold polluters accountable
- EPA's actions are insufficient
- Our Lawsuit will hold EPA & Chemours accountable



NGO Support Letter



Scientist Support Letter















Thank you
Kathryn Alcantar, <u>Kathryn@ceh.org</u>
www.ceh.org











